

PROVISIONAL AGENDA OF XXXVI MEETING OF THE EMPOWERED STEERING COMMITTEE FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF THE MONTREAL PROTOCOL

- Date** : 15th October, 2010
- Time** : 11.00 am
- Venue** : Room No. 403 (Conference Room),
Ministry of Environment & Forests
Paryavaran Bhawan,
CGO Complex,
Lodhi Road,
New Delhi – 110 003
- Item No. 1** : Adoption of the Agenda
- Item No. 2** : Confirmation of Minutes of XXXV Meeting of the Empowered Steering Committee (ESC).
- Item No. 3** : Action taken on decisions of the XXXV ESC.
- Item No. 4** : Progress of Implementation status of the Projects.
- a) Umbrella Project in Foam Sector.
 - b) Umbrella Project in Commercial Refrigeration Sector.
 - c) National CFC Consumption Phase-out Plan (NCCoPP).
 - d) National CFC Phase out Plan.
 - e) National CTC Phase out Plan.
 - f) Accelerated Phase-out of HCFC.
 - g) MDI Transition Strategy Proposal and Status.
- Item No. 5** : Consideration of the applications received for Duty Exemption in respect of new or expanded activities with non-ODS technology.
- Item No. 6** : Submission of Article 7 Data.
- Item No. 7** : Organization of International Ozone Day
- Item No. 8** : Any other matters with permission of the Chair

ANNOTATED AGENDA OF XXXVI MEETING OF THE EMPOWERED STEERING COMMITTEE FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF THE MONTREAL PROTOCOL

Item No. 1 : Adoption of the Agenda

The provisional agenda may be adopted.

Item No. 2 : Confirmation of Minutes of the XXXV Empowered Steering Committee (ESC) meeting held on 29th October, 2008.

Minutes of the XXXV meeting of the ESC held on 29th October, 2008 were circulated to all the Members. As no comments have been received, a copy of the Minutes placed at **Annex-A, pages 15-34**, may be confirmed.

Item No. 3 : Action taken on decision of the XXXV ESC.

S. No	Decision taken in XXXV ESC	Action taken on the decision
1.	<p><u>Paragraph 4 (S. No. 1):</u> Steps taken for submitting the request for Essential Use Nomination (EUN) of CFC to be used in Metered Dose Inhalers (MDIs) sector for 2010.</p>	<p>India submitted EUN of 350.6 Metric Tonnes (MT) of Pharmaceutical grade CFCs for 2010 for manufacturing of MDIs in consultation with the MDI manufacturers. The 21st Meeting of the Parties (MOP) held in November 2009 considered and approved 343.6 MT of CFC's. As United Kingdom banned the import of CFC based MDIs with effect from 1.1.2010, 7.0 MT was not approved by the MOP which was meant for manufacturing of CFC based MDIs to supply to the UK.</p> <p>India also proposed at the 21st MOP as one of the producers of pharmaceutical grade CFCs, not only for manufacturing of MDIs in India but also to supply to other MDI manufacturing Article 5 countries as per approved EUN. The 21st MOP directed the Executive Committee (Ex-Com) to review the Production Sector Agreement between India and Ex-Com to enable India to produce pharmaceutical grade CFCs required as per approved EUN.</p> <p>The Ex-Com revised the Production Sector agreement and agreed for production of pharmaceuticals grade CFC's as approved by the 21st MOP. The quota order for production of pharma grade CFC's by all the four producers had been issued by the Ozone Cell for supply to the MDI Manufacturers.</p> <p>India has already submitted EUN of 192.3 MT of pharma grade CFCs for the year 2011 in January, 2010 for consideration by 22nd MOP. The quantity</p>

		nominated by India is substantially less than that of 2010. This clearly indicates that the conversion process in the manufacturing of MDIs from CFCs to non-CFCs is progressing very well.
2.	<u>Paragraph 4 (S. No. 5) :</u> Assess the impact of CTC annual programme 2008 by the agency and sector.	This activity has been carried forward for 2010 and included in the Work Plan for 2010/2011
3.	<u>Paragraph 8:</u> Ozone Cell/ Project Management Unit to Monitor the export and domestic sale of CFCs.	The data on export and domestic sale of CFCs for the years 2008 and 2009 was collected from the CFC producers. The technical audits conducted by the World Bank in January, 2009 and in March 2010 have reported that there is no diversion from the CFC stockpile for domestic sales. The production, export and domestic sales are as per the Agreement on Accelerated CFC Production Closure.
4.	<u>Paragraph 13:</u> Agreement on Accelerated CFC Production Closure	The 56 th Executive Committee (Ex-Com) of the Multilateral Fund (MLF) at its meeting held from 8-12 November 2008, had approved the Agreement between India and Ex-Com (details of the agreement given at Annex – B, pages 35-37) for Accelerated CFC Production Closure in India. Subsequently, the Agreement was sent to the CFC producers and the same was received with no comments. The Agreement has already been signed between India and the Ex-Com for Accelerated Phase-out of production of CFCs.
5.	<u>Paragraph 18 :</u> Pilot Proposal for Clean Development Mechanism (CDM) Projects	The HCFC Phase-out Management Plan (HPMP) is being prepared in consultation with industry and industry associations. The industries are still considering the various options to HCFCs in the light of recent developments on low Global Warming Potential (GWP) alternatives which are still emerging. The CDM Pilot Projects will be considered, if required, at an appropriate time in consultation with the industry.
6.	<u>Paragraph 19:</u> Following to be adopted while preparing the HCFC phase out strategy: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Impact of changed scenario on HCFC production and consumption • Availability of HCFC alternatives • Technological Challenges • Involvement of civil society 	The suggestions have been appropriately incorporated in the Roadmap developed for Phase-out of HCFCs in the country. The Roadmap was launched by Hon'ble Minister of State for Environment and Forests (Independent Charge) on 6 th October, 2009.

Item No. 4 :

Progress of Implementation Status of the Projects

a) Progress of Implementation Status of Umbrella Project in Foam Sector

The project was approved in 37th Meeting of the Ex-Com of the Multilateral Fund (MLF) held in July 2002, at a total funding level of US\$ 5,424,577, to be provided in five tranches, leading up to the complete phase-out of CFCs in the Foam Sector in India. All the five tranches have been approved by the Ex-Com and released to UNDP, the lead implementing agency for the Project.

A total of 122 foam manufacturing enterprises under this sector plan have phased out 702 MT of CFCs and have shifted their process to HCFC 141b based technology.

The project has been successfully completed and Hand Over Protocols (HOPs) of the equipment supplied to all the 122 foam manufacturing enterprises have been received from enterprises through UNDP and have been signed by the Ozone Cell and the UNDP. The use of CFCs had been phased out in foam manufacturing in the country.

The ESC in its 33rd meeting held on 21st November, 2007 decided that the enterprise level completion and operation status be carried out. The verification process of operational status of the 122 foam enterprises had been completed. Based on the verification report, the trial and site preparation costs have been disbursed to the eligible operational enterprises.

b) Progress of Implementation Status of Umbrella Project in Commercial Refrigeration Sector

The Plan for Phase-out of CFCs in the Refrigeration (Manufacturing) Sector in India project was approved in the 38th Meeting of the Ex-Com of the MLF held in November 2002, at a total funding level of US \$3,609,186, to be provided in five tranches, leading to the complete phase-out of CFCs in the Refrigeration (Mfg.) sector in India. The Project is implemented by the UNDP in association with UNIDO. All the five tranches have been approved by the Ex-Com and released to the UNDP.

A total of 156 enterprises for commercial refrigeration have phased out 593 MT of CFC-11 and 258 MT of CFC-12. The project has been successfully completed and

HOPs of equipment supplied to the 156 commercial refrigeration manufacturing enterprises have been received through the implementing agency by the Ozone Cell.

The ESC in its 33rd meeting held on 21st November, 2007 decided that the enterprise level completion and operation status be carried out. The verification process of operational status of the 156 commercial refrigeration enterprises had been completed. Based on the verification report, the trial and site preparation costs have been disbursed to the eligible operational enterprises.

c) Implementation Status of the National CFC Consumption Phase-out Plan (NCCoPP)

The National CFC Consumption Phase-out Plan was approved during the 42nd meeting of the Ex-Com held in April 2004 at a total cost of US\$ 6.388 million. The Government of Germany, as the Lead Implementing Agency, in association with UNDP, UNEP and UNIDO, has been implementing the CFC phase-out in servicing sector. The project involved the training of trainers, servicing technicians and upgradation of the servicing facilities by providing equipment support. About 10,000 technicians have been trained so far under this project. UNDP, involved mainly in the equipment support, provided more than 1000 equipments to the servicing enterprises. UNEP conducted awareness programs and training of customs and excise officers through National Academy of Customs, Excise and Narcotics (NACEN) the Agency coordinating the Customs and Policy Training in the country.

All training and awareness activities have been completed as per the schedule during 2009. UNDP conducted 7 retrofit cum training programs for ice-candy plants during the year.

d) Implementation Status of CFC Production Phase out Project.

The Ex-Com of the MLF in its 29th meeting held from 24-26 November 1999 approved a total of US \$ 82 million for the phased reduction and cessation of the entire CFC production in India. The World Bank is the lead implementing Agency for the Project. It has been agreed to phase out CFC production in accordance with an agreed schedule. In accordance with the decision taken in the 54th meeting of the Ex-Com held in April 2008, India had accepted to accelerate the phase out of CFCs production with effect from 1st August 2008, 17 months

prior to the Montreal Protocol Schedule, with additional compensation of US\$ 3.14 million. Towards implementation of the decision, an Accelerated CFC Production Closure Agreement (ACPP) between India and the Executive Committee (Ex-Com), as approved at the 56th meeting held in November, 2008 has been signed. The agreement allows India to produce pharmaceutical grade CFCs for EUN for manufacturing of MDIs for Asthma and Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) patients in the country, according to which, India will produce no more than 690 MT of CFCs for the manufacturing of MDIs during 2008 and the 4 CFC producers in India would sell no more than 825 MT of CFCs for MDI manufacturing in the year 2008 and 2009, which includes 690 MT of new production and 135 MT reprocessing from existing stocks. In addition, India would also not import any more CFCs.

The Annual Technical Audit for the CFC production conducted during 2009 and 2010 confirmed that CFC production from 1st August, 2008 and the total quantity of CFCs produced is around 673.87 MT, which is within the limit of 690 MT as per the ACCP agreement. Accordingly, the Ex-Com during its 59th meeting held during 10-14 November 2009 approved the release of first tranche of US\$2.113 million out of the approved additional compensation of US\$ 3.14 million.

The production and consumption of CFCs has been phased-out as of 1st August, 2008 except use of pharmaceutical grades CFCs in manufacturing of MDIs. However, in accordance with the revised production sector agreement between India and Ex-Com, the producers are still allowed to produce pharmaceutical grade CFCs as per the approved EUN for India as well as any export to other Article 5 MDI manufacturing countries. Moreover, there is a need to ascertain the sustainability of the phase-out of CFCs in the country. In view of this, a Work Plan has been prepared in association with the World Bank for 2010/11 for submission to the MLF for consideration at the 62nd Ex-Com. The Annual Program is placed at **Annex- C, pages 38-46**.

e) Implementation Status of National CTC Phase out Plan.

The Ex-Com of the MLF at its 40th meeting held in July 2003 approved the CTC National Phase out Plan at a total funding level of US\$ 52 million to phase-out 11535 ODP tons of CTC production and 11525 ODP tons of CTC consumption by 31st December 2009. This includes

US\$ 10 million under the bilateral assistance program with the Governments of Germany, France and Japan contributing US\$ 2 million, US\$ 3 million and US\$ 5 million respectively. The World Bank is the lead Implementing Agency, the Governments of Germany, France and Japan and UNIDO are cooperating agencies for Implementation of the National CTC consumption phase-out activities. Besides, UNDP on behalf of Government of Japan is responsible for executing conversion activities in large and medium metal cleaning sub-sectors.

As per the verification audit for Calendar Year 2009 carried out in April 2010, the total production and consumption limits for CTC for non-feedstock application was 48 ODP tonne for calendar year 2009. Against this, actual production and actual consumption of CTC for non feedstock application was 29.70 ODP tonne.

India has successfully phased-out the production and consumption of CTC with effect from 1st January, 2010 as per the Montreal Protocol Schedule. However, the production of CTC is not controlled for feedstock application. Thus, CTC is continue to be produced for feedstock application. Moreover, sustainability of phase-out of production and consumption of CTC is continue to be monitored in the country. Accordingly, Annual Work Plan for 2010 has been prepared in association with the World Bank for submission to the MLF for consideration at the 62nd Ex-Com meeting scheduled to be held in November, 2010. The Annual Program is placed at **Annex- D, pages 47-62.**

f) Implementation Status of Accelerated Phase-out of HCFCs.

The 19th MOP in its meeting held in September 2007 decided to accelerate the phase-out of HCFCs by 10 years with certain reduction steps both in Article 5 and non-Article 5 Parties for the early recovery of Ozone Layer and to save the climate system.

Based on the decision of the 19th MOP, Ozone Cell, MoEF organized a consultative stakeholders meeting on 4th June, 2008 to discuss India's HCFCs Phase-out Management Plan (HPMP) and the activities to be initiated to determine the base level production and consumption of HCFCs. This meeting was well attended by the stakeholders. Subsequently, India submitted the proposal for preparation of HPMP for the consideration of 56th Ex-Com held in November 2008. The same was

approved by the Ex-Com with a total funding of US \$ 570,000.

The Ozone Cell, MoEF also developed a Roadmap for Phase-out of HCFCs in India describing the long term vision and action plan including the policy instruments for phase-out of production and consumption of HCFCs in India in accordance with the decision of the 19th MOP.

The Road Map was developed based on the outcome of the Sectoral Working Groups Meeting organized on 24-25 September 2009 which was attended by the stakeholders from industry, research institutions, Government Organizations, NGOs and implementing agencies. The major Sectoral Groups represented were Refrigeration and Air-Conditioning (RAC) manufacturing, foam manufacturing and servicing of RAC equipment. The Sectoral Group deliberated for 2 days and made recommendations for future action plan.

An action plan was also developed for implementation of the Roadmap for HCFC phase-out. The Action Plan lists the major initiatives and actions along with implementing organizations/ agencies along with timelines.

The Sectoral Working Groups Meeting was organized in September, 2009. The Sectoral meeting identified 3 major sectors namely the Refrigeration and Air-Conditioning (RAC) Manufacturing Sector, Polyurethane Foam Manufacturing Sector and RAC Servicing Sector. The outcomes of the Sectoral Working Groups Meeting were incorporated in the Roadmap.

The Roadmap for phase-out of HCFCs in India was launched on 6th October 2009 by Hon'ble Minister of State for Environment and Forests (Independent Charge), Shri Jairam Ramesh.

The HPMP is being prepared in close cooperation with the industry and industry associations. The Memorandum of Agreements was signed between the Ozone Cell and Refrigeration Air-Conditioning Manufacturers Association (RAMA) and Indian Polyurethane Association (IPUA) for preparing the Refrigeration Air-Conditioning (RAC) Manufacturing and Foam Manufacturing Sectoral Strategies respectively for phasing-out HCFCs. RAMA and IPUA have organized awareness workshops in Chennai, Delhi and Mumbai. These workshops were well attended by the stakeholders especially from Foam and RAC industry including Small and Medium Enterprises (SMEs). RAMA and IPUA are also carrying out detailed surveys and collection of data on number of enterprises using HCFCs, their date of

establishment and annual consumption of HCFCs for the past 3 years. This information will be collated and analyzed by RAMA and IPUA and will be used for development of Sectoral Strategies.

The RAC Servicing Sector Strategy is being prepared by Servicing Sector Group under the guidance of GTZ as implementing agency and in close cooperation with the Ozone Cell, MoEF. The transport refrigeration strategy is being developed by UNIDO.

The work of HPMP preparation is progressing smoothly. A National Consultative Stakeholders Workshop is planned to be organized during November/December, 2010 to seek the inputs of the stakeholders and finalization of the HPMP.

g) MDI Transition Strategy Proposal.

The National Strategy for Transition to Non-CFC MDIs and Plan for Phase-out of CFCs in the Manufacturing of Pharmaceutical MDIs in India was approved at the 56th Meeting of the Ex-Com held during 8-12 November, 2008 with a total funding of US\$ 10.2 million plus implementing agencies support costs. The UNDP is the lead implementing agency along with Government of Italy and UNEP.

A number of consultative meetings were held with four MDI manufacturers in the country to workout the implementation modalities of the project.

The enterprise level funding as per the project document of National Strategy for Transition to Non-CFC MDIs and Plan for Phase-out of CFCs in the Manufacturing of Pharmaceutical MDIs in India was approved by the Secretary (E&F).

The MOA has been signed with each of the 4 MDI manufacturing enterprises viz; M/s. Cipla Limited, M/s. Cadila Healthcare Limited, M/s. Midas-care Pharmaceuticals Private Limited and M/s. Sun Pharmaceuticals Industries Limited for implementation of the National Strategy and Phase-out of CFCs by 2013.

The MDI manufacturers have made a significant progress in developing CFC-free formulations including laboratory scale trials, analytical method development & validation and stability batches for a number of drugs. Based on the performance and as per the project document by Ex-Com of the MLF, UNDP has released **US \$3.04 million** to four MDI manufacturers as per the milestones defined for each of the Enterprises in the MLF approved

project. This will further expedite the changeover from CFCs to non-CFCs MDIs.

National Awareness Workshops were organized. One on “Phase-out of CFCs (Chlorofluorocarbons) in Metered-Dose Inhalers (MDIs) Transition Strategy Implementation and Adoption of CFC free Alternatives in India” which was held on 5th October, 2009 at the All India Institute of Medical Sciences in collaboration with Ministry of Health and Family Welfare and UNEP. Another National Consultative Workshop on Policy and Regulations “CFC MDI Phase-out Transition Strategy Implementation and Adoption of CFC Free Alternatives in India” was held on 20th May, 2010 at Central Drugs Standard Control Organization, New Delhi. During the workshop, the MDI manufacturers shared that a number of CFC free MDIs have been developed and placed in the market. These workshops were well attended by the stakeholders including Physicians and Medical representatives who are the main stakeholders to create awareness among the Physician across the country.

The pharmaceutical grade of CFCs will still be needed during the transition phase by the industry. The same have been obtained through the EUN process of the Montreal Protocol for 2010 and beyond. India submitted the EUN for 2010 of 350.6 MT of CFCs and the 21st MOP held in November, 2009, on the recommendation of Medical Technology Options Committee of the Technology and Economic Assessment Panel (TEAP), approved 343.6 MT of CFCs for India for 2010.

India made efforts to get the approval of Parties to produce pharmaceutical grade CFCs as per the approved EUN for domestic use as well as to supply MDI manufacturing Article 5 Parties. The agreements between India and the MLF have been revised to allow India to produce pharmaceutical grade CFCs for its own use as well as to supply to other MDI manufacturing Article 5 Parties.

India had also submitted EUN for 2011 for 192.3 MT which is substantially less quantity than that of 2010 which clearly indicates that the conversion process from CFCs to non-CFCs is moving smoothly.

Item No. 5 :

Consideration of the applications received for Duty exemption in respect of new or expanded activities with non-ODS technology.

(i) The Technology and Finance Standing Committee (TFSC) in its meetings held on 11th December, 2008, 13th March, 2009, 8th June, 2009, 26th August 2009, 22nd December 2009 & 17th March, 2010 considered the following applications and recommended for exemption of Customs Duty:-

- M/s ASTER Tele services Pvt. Ltd., A.P.
- M/s Ahlada Engineers Pvt. Ltd, Hyderabad,
- M/s. Subros Ltd., Noida.
- M/s. Global Autotech Ltd., Greater Noida.
- M/s. Sanden Vikas India Ltd., Faridabad.
- M/s. Sanden Vikas India Ltd., Faridabad.
- M/s G.A.S. PU Panels (India) Pvt Ltd, Pune.
- M/s Krishna Maruti Ltd, Gurgaon.
- M/s Ajni Clean Rooms Pvt Ltd, Baroda.
- M/s Bharat Seats Ltd., Gurgaon.
- M/s Tecumesh Products India Pvt. Ltd., Ballabgarh.
- M/s Daikin Air Conditioning India Pvt Ltd,. Gurgaon.
- M/s. Global Autotech Ltd., Greater Noida.
- M/s Venus Home Appliances, Pvt. Ltd.
- M/s. Sanden Vikas India Ltd., Faridabad.
- M/s Subros Ltd. Noida.
- M/s Krishna Maruti Ltd. Pune.
- M/s Subros Ltd. Noida
- M/s IC ICE Make Refrigeration Pvt. Ltd. Ahmedabad.
- M/s Techno Electronics Ltd. Kashipur.
- M/s Whirlpool India Pvt. Ltd., Pune
- M/s. Sanden Vikas India Ltd., Faridabad
- M/s Pranav Vikas India Ltd. Faridabad
- M/s Bharat Seats Ltd. Gurgaon
- M/s Metecno (India) Pvt. Ltd., Chennai.

The copies of Minutes of the TFSC meetings are placed in **Annex- E, Pages 63-140.**

Certificates for exemption of customs duty were issued for above enterprises with the approval of Secretary (E&F)/ Chairman of the ESC.

The ESC may accord the Ex post facto approval on the above.

Item No. 6 :

Submission of Article 7 Data

As per Article 7 of the Montreal Protocol, the data on production, import, export and feedstock of CFCs, Halons, CTC, HCFC and methyl bromide for each year is to be

submitted to the Ozone Secretariat by 30th September of each calendar year. Accordingly, the data has been collected and collated for the year 2008 and 2009 for consideration of the Standing Committee on Monitoring.

The Meeting of Standing Committee on Monitoring was held on 11th September, 2009 for reviewing the data for the year 2008 and on 13th August, 2010 for reviewing the data for the year 2009 under the Chairmanship of Prof. S.P. Gautam, Chairman, Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB). The data on production, import, export and feedstock of CFC-11, CFC-12, CFC-113, Halon-1211, Halon-1301, Halon-2402, CTC, HCFC-22, HCFC-123 and HCFC-141b and methyl bromide for the year 2008 and 2009 was considered in the meeting.

The Committee, taking note of the detailed information and explanation on production, export, import and feedstock use of CFC-11, CFC-12, Halon-1211, Halon-1301, Halon-2402, CTC, HCFC and methyl bromide recommended that the data for the year 2008 and 2009 may be submitted in the format prescribed by the MOP to the Ozone Secretariat with the approval of ESC.

Keeping in view the last date for submission of data is 30th September, it was recommended by the Standing Committee on Monitoring Committee that data be sent to the Ozone Secretariat with the approval of Secretary (E&F) and Chairman of the ESC and Ex post facto approval of the ESC could be obtained at its future meeting.

Article 7 data for the calendar 2008 and 2009 has been submitted to the Ozone Secretariat before 30th September of the respective years with the approval of Secretary & Chairman, ESC.

A copy of the Minutes of the Standing Committee on Monitoring and Article 7 data for the year 2008 is placed at **Annex- F, pages 141-152**, and for the year 2009 is placed at **Annex- G, pages 153-165**.

The committee may accord Ex post facto approval of the above.

Item No. 7:

Organization Of International Ozone Day.

The UN General Assembly adopted a resolution 49/114 which proclaims 16th September as the International Day for the Preservation of the Ozone Layer, to commemorate the signing of the Montreal Protocol on the Substances

that Deplete the Ozone Layer which was signed on 16th September, In line with the resolution, the Ozone Cell, MoEF Government of India has been celebrating the International Ozone Day for the Preservation of the Ozone Layer since 1995 at the National and State levels.

The 15th International Day for the Preservation of the Ozone Layer for the year 2009 was celebrated on 16th September, 2009 with the theme: "**Universal participation: Ozone protection unifies the world**". The 16th International Day for the Preservation of the Ozone Layer for the year 2010 was celebrated on 16th September, 2010 with the theme: "**Ozone layer protection: governance and compliance at their best**".

During both the occasions, the Ozone Cell, MoEF, organized a function at FICCI Auditorium, Tansen Marg, New Delhi. Shri Jairam Ramesh, Minister of State for Environment & Forests (Independent Charge) was the Chief Guest. The following activities were carried out for both the years:

- (1) Published "**The Montreal Protocol: India's Success Story**" which apart from the evolution of Montreal Protocol, gives the various initiatives taken and achievements made by the MoEF, Government of India towards fulfilling the obligations of the Montreal Protocol.
- (2) Competitions for school children comprising Painting, Poster, Slogan Writing, Model Making, Skit and Quiz were organized by the Ozone Cell, MoEF with a view to create awareness on the need for Ozone Layer protection. About 350 children participated in these competitions during the year 2009 which increased to 1100 during the year 2010, resulting in greater awareness of the occasion among students. Prizes were distributed to the winners for each year in each category by the Chief Guest during the function.
- (3) Published poster, pledge and sticker and were widely disseminated with the objective to raise public awareness.

Item No. 8:

Any others matters with the permission of the Chair.

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List of Annexes with Agenda of XXXVI ESC (15.10.2010)

- A.** Minutes of the XXXV ESC meeting held on 29.10.2008. **(Pages 15-34).**
- B.** Agreement between India & Ex-Com for the Accelerated Production Phase-out. **(Pages 35-37).**
- C.** 2010-2011 Annual Program for CFC Phaseout Plan **(Pages 38-46).**
- D.** 2010 Annual Program for CTC Phaseout Plan **(Pages 47-62).**
- E.** Minutes of the TFSC meetings **(Pages 63-140).**
- F.** Minutes of the Standing Committee on Monitoring and Article 7 data meeting held on 11.09.2009. **(Pages 141-152).**
- G.** Minutes of the Standing Committee on Monitoring and Article 7 data meeting held on 13.08.2010. **(Pages 153-165).**